## **Maths 10<sup>th</sup> Constructions Paper 1**

**Total Time:** 1.5 Hour **Total Marks:** 35

## **General Instructions:**

- 1. All questions are **compulsory**.
- 2. There is no choice in any of the questions.
- 3. Question number 1 in 2 Section A is of one-mark question.
- 4. Question numbers 3 to 4 in Section A are two-mark questions.
- 5. Question numbers 5 to 10 in Section A are four-mark questions.
- 6. Question number 11 in Section A is five-mark questions.

**Question 1.** To draw a pair of tangents to a circle which are inclined to each other at an angle of 35°, it is required to draw tangents at the end points of those two radii of the circle, the angle between which is

(A)  $105^{\circ}$ 

(B)  $70^{\circ}$ 

(C)  $140^{\circ}$ 

(D) 145°

Question 2. To divide a line segment AB in the ratio 5:6, draw a ray AX such that  $\angle BAX$  is an acute angle, then draw a ray BY parallel to AX and the points  $A_1$ ,  $A_2$ ,  $A_3$ , ... and  $B_1$ ,  $B_2$ ,  $B_3$ , ... are located at equal distances on ray AX and BY, respectively. Then the points joined are

(A)  $A_5$  and  $B_6$ 

(B) A<sub>6</sub> and B<sub>5</sub>

(C) A<sub>4</sub> and B<sub>5</sub>

(D) A<sub>5</sub> and B<sub>4</sub>

**Question 3.** Write True or False and give reasons for your answer in each of the following:

- (i) By geometrical construction, it is possible to divide a line segment in the ratio  $2\sqrt{3}$ :  $2\sqrt{3}$ .
- (ii) By geometrical construction, it is possible to divide a line segment in the ratio  $\sqrt{3}$ :  $1/\sqrt{3}$ .

**Question 4.** Can a pair of tangents can be constructed to a circle inclined at an angle of 170°. Give reasons for your answer.

**Ouestion 5.** Draw a circle of radius 1.5 cm. Take a point P outside it. Without using the centre, draw two tangents to the circle from the point P?

**Question 6.** Construct a triangle whose perimeter is 13.5 cm and the ratio of the three sides is 2:3:4.

**Question 7.** Draw a circle with the help of a bangle. Take tangents from this point to the circle.

**Question 8.** Let ABC be a right triangle in which AB = 6 cm, BC = 8 cm and  $\angle B = 90^{\circ}$ . BD is the perpendicular from B on AC. The circle through B, C, and D is drawn. Construct the tangents from A to this circle.

**Question 9.** Draw an isosceles triangle ABC in which AB = AC = 6 cm and BC = 5 cm. Construct a triangle PQR similar to ABC in which PQ = 8 cm. Also justify the construction.

Question 10. Draw two concentric circles of radii 3 cm and 5 cm. Taking a point on outer circle construct the pair of tangents to the other. Measure the length of a tangent and verify it by actual calculation.

Question 11. Draw a parallelogram ABCD in which BC = 5 cm, AB = 3 cm and  $\angle$ ABC = 60°, divide it into triangles BCD and ABD by the diagonal BD. Construct the triangle BD' C' similar to  $\triangle$ BDC with scale factor 4/3. Draw the line segment D'A' parallel to DA where A' lies on extended side BA. Is A'BC'D' parallelogram?